Mokṣopāya Reading Seminar · Marburg 6.-10.8.2018 मोक्षोपायपारायणसभा



The Text

The *Mokṣopāya*, previously printed as the ill-redacted *Yogavāsiṣṭha*, is a fascinating text and has been highly popular throughout India, often in abridged versions. Originally written in Kashmir around 950 A.D. in ca. 30000 verses it consists of a dialogue between two characters from the *Rāmāyaṇa*, namely Vasiṣṭha and Rāma. On the background of a highly illusionistic philosophy, according to which nothing in this world really exists, it tells a fantastic tale that—with a blend of philosophy, poetry, and Indian story-telling at its best—cannot fail to take hold of the reader. With this it was hoped an intuitive knowledge of the liberating truth about this universe—that it is nothing but the expanse of one's consciousness (*cidvyoman*) itself—would dawn on the reader. At least this is how the text was used in India for a millenium.

In the summer reading course our goal is more modest. We shall take the newly pub-



lished text of the critical edition, which is more satisfying and certainly more fun to read than the printed *Yogavāsiṣṭha*, and read through one episode from the last book of the work, called *Nirvāṇaprakaraṇa*, in which an encounter between Vasiṣṭha and the raven Bhusuṇḍa is related. In the story we hear that this raven, having mastered the art of *prāṇāyāma*, is not only liberated, but also

regularly survives the dissolution of the universe at the end of a kalpa. The topic of the conversation is Yoga, the name under which the text understands breath techniques, which are recommended for those aspiring to siddhis, and those who cannot directly reach $j\tilde{n}\bar{a}na$.

Sources

Susanne Krause-Stinner, Peter Stephan: Anonymus Casmiriensis. Mokṣopāya – Textedition, Teil 5. Das Sechste Buch: Nirvāṇaprakaraṇa. 1. Teil: Kapitel 1–119 Kritische Edition. Wiesbaden: Harrassowitz 2018.

ROLAND STEINER: Anonymus Casmiriensis. Mokṣopāya - Übersetzung, Teil 5. Das Sechste Buch: Das Buch über das Nirvāṇa 1. Teil: Kapitel 1–119. Übersetzung. Wiesbaden: Harrassowitz 2018.

The Seminar

The summer seminar takes place at the university of Marburg, in the lecture room of the institute of Indology. Organisation is minimal, and there are no fees. Marburg can be reached by train in one hour from Frankfurt, and since the town is very small, everything can be reached by foot. Only if your accommodation is in the outside villages, public transport may be a problem, especially in the evenings.

The seminar starts on Monday, 6th of August, at 2pm. We shall conclude the session Friday around midday to allow for easier travelling. As in the last seminar we can go to the University Mensa for lunches and meet informally in one of the many bars in Marburg in the evening.

Since we will be reading large amounts of Sanskrit text, the main prerequisite is an advanced reading skill in Sanskrit, so the seminar is typically intended for M.A. or Ph.D. students of Classical Indology. Once we have our group together, we will organize the details of the reading program. The idea is that each participants will prepare a part of the text and present his or her translation in the sessions as the basis for further discussions.

The seminar will be held in English to make it more accessible to students from outside, and one interesting aspect of this format is that here students of Sanskrit can meet with European colleagues.

- 1. Application: Please send an e-mail to hanneder@staff.uni-marburg.de.
- 2. Accomodation: Marburg is small, but touristically interesting, especially in summer. It is therefore wise to search for accomodation as soon as possible.

Interesting Links

The University: https://www.uni-marburg.de/en/studying/life-at-umr

The Institute: https://www.uni-marburg.de/fb10/iksl/indologie/index_html-en?set_language=en

Introductory Reading:

https://www.uni-marburg.de/fb10/iksl/indologie/fachgebiet/mitarbeiter/hanneder/downloads/downloads-monographien/jh-m5-studies.pdf

Jürgen Hanneder

जंब्रीगणिषायनमः ॥ श्रेयते ॥ त्रंब्रीवाल्मीकितवाच॥ जेंऽपर्णातिवकरणारनेतरमिरंश्रणाले विवाणवकरणंत्रातंनिर्वाणकारियत्मक्षयययवसुरामवचनस्यिननायकाश्चरणेकरसेमोनंश्चितम नजमारकाश्विववागयेनिविष्ठमन्स्यतेतनकियागालेकियानस्यरंविवार्षितद्वस्थिते॥विस्रश्च चसामयंविचारयितस्यरंकिसरंग्रल्यरंग्रलभंगेचस्वानस्यरंग्रिक्ययालेक्तोज्ञासभोगाल्या स्वालिवाद्यंश्विवेर्ग्रम्यीवतरमंद्यरेत्रागते॥विवासस्यत्भागरेश्वरिनकरिक्यो।श्वतत्रान्तयार

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